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## CHARGES FOR GINNING COTTON, COSTS OF SELECTED SERVICES INCIDENT TO MARKETING, AND RELATED INFORMATION, 1979/80 SEASON

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Ginning charges.—The average charge for saw-ginning and wrapping a 480-pound net weight bale of upland cotton in the United States was \$39.31 during the 1979/80 season, an increase of \$3.15 per bale over the 1978/79 season. While average charges increased in nearly all States, most of the increase can be attributed to a proportionally larger share of production in the Southwest and Western States where charges are somewhat higher. Average ginning charges varied from \$30.57 in Louisiana to \$47.34 in New Mexico. Only Arizona and South Carolina experienced declines in average charges of 2 and 54 cents, respectively. Largest increase in ginning charges was in New Mexico at \$7.04 per bale. Charges for bagging and ties when assessed separately were \$11.09 in 1979/80 compared with \$10.60 the previous season. Charges for ginning American-Pima cotton averaged \$44.33 per bale during the 1979/80 season—up \$5.29 over 1978/79.

The number of active gins for the 1979/80 season was 2,332, compared with 2,461 during the 1978/79. Gin numbers vary from 37 in North Carolina to 788 in Texas.

Method of harvesting.—Machine-picking and machine-stripping continue to be the primary methods of harvesting cotton. The machine-stripping method accounted for 37 percent of the crop harvested, an increase of 3 percent over the 1978/79 season. Over one-fourth of the 1979/80 crop was ginned from modules, compared with 18 percent the previous year. Nearly all moduled cotton was delivered to the gin from field storage.

Pounds of seed required for a 480-pound net weight bale.—The amount of seed cotton required to produce a 480-pound bale of hand-picked, machine-picked, and machine-scrapped cotton decreased slightly during 1979/80. But the amount required for machine-stripped bales increased almost 7 percent, which was responsible for a significant part of the overall increase in ginning charges in Texas.

Purchases of cotton by ginners.—Growers sold 12 percent of their crop to ginners as baled lint—the same proportion as last season. However, among States, there were considerable purchasing variations ranging from no purchases reported by three States to purchases by ginners amounting to 40 percent of the South Carolina crop. Seventy—nine percent of the purchases made by ginners were for other buyers.

Selected services incident to marketing.—For the 1979/80 season, average receiving charges at warehouses increased 15 cents per bale to \$1.81. Average storage charges per bale per month were \$1.27—an increase of 14 cents, and charges for universal density compression averaged \$5.39 per bale or 55 cents above a year ago.

1/ Primary data were collected and preliminary computations made by the Cotton Division, agricultural Marketing Service, with the cooperation of ginners and warehousemen. (See reverse of this sheet for detailed figures.)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20250

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Average charges for saw-ginned upland cotton, average charges for selected services incident to marketing and related information by State, 1979/80 season

5,398	788	44.65	11.73	13	 1,5 <u>9</u> 7 2,406 2,605	65 33 	24	15 85	1.85	1.14	5.63
169		35.41 4		\frac{5}{99}	$\frac{7}{7}$ , $\frac{7}{492}$ 1 2 2 2	100	29	96	1.60	1.50	5.60 5
107	62	33.06 3		<u>5</u> / 100	6/   	99	04	49	1.46	1 68.	5
514	89	37.88	7.50	5/ 100 5/ 5/	 1,666 2,025 3,053	57 43 <u>5/</u>	19	$\frac{5}{100}$	1.87	1.12	5,65
43	37	36.82		100	6/ 1	100	œ	91	1.50	. 93	1
95	42	47.34	86.8	59 40 1	1,555 2,423 2,780	100	9	$\frac{5}{100}$	1.83	1.07	4.80
151	69	40.87 4	7.00	100	, 487 1 2	100			1.25	1.50	2.60
1,391	314	31.45 4	1	\frac{5}{100}	6/ 	96	П	86 14	1.54	1.40	5.38
676 1	101	30.57	8.00	<u>5</u> / 100	1,284	93			1.82	1.47	5.60
143	67	32.69	6.03	5/	6/ J	100	14	100	1.99	1.11	
3,324	226	39.57		99	1,502 2,416 1,894	62 36				1.35	4.96
593 3		36.40	7.45	100 100 5/	,475 1 7/ 1 7/ 1	100	11	100	1.77	1.50	5.60
1,247	120	33.91	i	94	 1,468	30	2	100		1.40	5.28
310 1		31.81		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	6/ 	99	12	100	2.76	1.23	4.87
4,161	2,332	39,31 3	11.09	5/ 62 37	1,284 7/ 1,505 2,364 1,844	73 26 1	12	21 79	1.81	1.27	5.39
Thousands:	: Tumber :	Dollars	ollars :	Percent : Percen	Pounds : Pou	Percent : Percent : Percent :	Percent	Percent :	Dollars :	Dollars	: ollars :
BALES GINNED 1/ (running bales)Thousands: 14,161	ACTIVE GINS 2/ Number	WRAPPING AND GINNING CHARGES PER BALESEP 23 000  Total charge per 480-pound net-weight:  bale 3/ Dolla	Charges per bale for bagging and [7] [ 157 15.] ties when assessed separately Dollars	METHOD OF HARVESTING: Hand-picked. Fercent Hand-snapped. Machine-picked. Machine-stripped. Machine-scrapped. Fercent Machine-scrapped. Fercent	WEIGHT OF SEED COTTON PER           480-POUND NET-WEIGHT BALE           Hand-picked           PP           Hand-snapped           PR           Machine-picked           PR           Machine-stripped           PR           Machine-stripped           PR           Machine-stripped	COTTON GINNED FROM:  Trailers.  Modules.  Ricks.  P.  Ricks.  P.	PROPORTION OF PRODUCTION PURCHASED BY GINNERS FROM GROWERS AS BALED LINT P.	Ginners purchases as: Principal	CHARGES FOR WAREHOUSING AND MELATED SERVICES: : Charge per bale for receiving D	Charge per bale per month for insured storage $8/\dots$	Charge per bale for compressing to Universal Density Dollars

Also excluded are 4,749 bales ginned in Florida and Nevada.

1/ Based on report of May 1980 by Bureau of the Census, but excluding all American-Pima and upland cotton ginned on roller gins.

2/ Based on Eq. 749 bales ginned in Florida and Nevada.

3/ Includes bagging and ties, drying of seed cotton and use of lint cleaners, but does not reflect any patronage dividends or customer rebates.

4/ Separate charges customarily not made.

5/ Less than 1 percent.

6/ Seed cotton usually not weighed.

7/ No data available.

8/ Based on published tariffs. For storage under Government price-support programs, warehousemen are paid lower rates.